Withdrawal of the Analgin formulations in other countries

144. SHRI DAYANAND SAHAY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to refer to answer to Unstarred Question 487 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 11th November, 1987 and state:

(a) whether it is a fact that analgin and its formulations have been withdrawn for human consumption in a number of countries; if so, what are the reasons therefor;

(b) what are the names of those countries;

(c) whether it is also a fact that combination of Analgin with Oxyphenbutazone and Phenylbutazone as well as with Paracetamol, have also been withdrawn by most of the important countries, including West Germany the originator of Analgin as being dangerous for human consumption.

(d) whether it is a fact that these combinations are being marketed in the country; and

(e) whether Government have since investigated, with the help of an expert committee, the rationality for continued marketing of combinations of Analgin with other drugs; if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI MOTI LAL VORA): (a) and (b) Analgin and its formulations continue to be marketed by many countries. They have been withdrawn in some countries including Australia, Canada, USA, Sweden, Denmark, Jordan, Singapore etc. on the grounds of occurence of agranulocytosis as an adverse reaction to the drug.

(c) As per the information available with this Ministry while analgin preparations have been withdrawn in some countries these continue to be marketed in other countries.

(d) Yes Sir.

(e) Boston Surveillance study has ruled out any greater absolute risk of agranulocytosis (blood Cell disorder) due to Analgin compared to other non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs. Report of the Boston study was considered by the Drugs Technical Advisory Board and the manufacturers of combination of Analgin with other drugs have been asked by the Committee to prove through controlled clinical trials the advantage of the combination over single drugs and that such combinations are safe for use in their respective recommended doses.

Report of the sub-committee on international drug combinations

145. SHRI DAYANAND SAHAY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to refer to Unstarred Question 1124 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 29th April, 1987 and state:

(a) whether sub-committee of Drugs Consultative Committee has submitted its report regarding irrational combination of drugs;

(b) if so, when; and what are the details thereof;

(c) if not, by when the report is likely to be submitted;

(d) what are the names of combinations of drugs which the Committee found irrational; and

(e) by when the same are likely to be withdrawn for human consumption?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI MOTI LAL VORA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (e) The recommendations of the sub-committee were placed at the meeting of the Drugs Technical Advisory Board held at New Delhi on 22-4-1988. The Board had agreed to